

HARDEST BLOW FOR ASQUITH

LANDOWNE HAS A PLAN TO SETTLE LORDS' VETO.

Radical Ministerial Plans Upset by Announcement in Upper House Government Fears Veto May Take Unpleasant Proposal London Greatly Excited.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 22.—The announcement that Lord Lansdowne in the House of Lords is going to bring forward a series of resolutions dealing with the manner of settling differences between the two Houses of Parliament has stirred political circles here. It was said last night that the resolutions will be the final proposals of the Liberal Unionist Government. Whether this be true or not, the statement from Lansdowne came as a surprise, and for the moment at least it overshadowed all other features of the political controversy.

Members of the Unionist organization insist that the proposals will profoundly impress the country and will afford an absolutely fair working basis for the settling of party differences. They would establish, it is urged, an ordered constitution, based as is that of the United States and other great nations, upon certain fundamental guarantees. The attitude of the Ministers and the Liberal press toward the suggestion indicates that they fear that the country may take this attitude. This means that they fear the elections may prefer Lansdowne's plan to that which is advocated by the Government.

The launching of the new plan came as a complete surprise to the upper house and disconcerted the customarily calm atmosphere there into one of approaching excitement. The Liberal leaders were taken entirely unawares. The Earl of Crewe asked if the resolutions were intended as amendments to the Government's bill.

Lord Lansdowne did not reply, but the Marquis of Salisbury eagerly springing to his feet said: "We move an adjournment at this time because we are not allowed to discuss this veto bill in the ordinary way. If we are not allowed to explain our proposals after the second reading we will explain them before."

Amid unusually fervent cheers from the Unionist peers Lord Salisbury declared that the Government's demand that the Lords say nothing but yes or no at the second reading placed the opposition in an intolerable position.

"It means," he continued, "closure and the guillotine for the House of Lords by the use of the royal prerogative for the dissolution of Parliament."

At this point Lord Rosebery entered the debate. He asked with grave earnestness, whose was the fault that an unprecedented position had arisen.

"Whose is the fault?" he demanded. "Is it that of the Unionists?"

Turning to the ministerial peers he said: "You do not seem to realize that you are doing. You are attempting to establish one of the great principles of the constitution without substituting anything for it. You claim the right to employ the veto on the remaining hours which are told to us have the right to live to the best purpose. We will not allow any other interest to override that right or allow this ancient assembly to be deterred from presenting its case to the country. Nor will we be dragged by an ultra-liberal majority."

His utterances were greeted by prolonged Unionist cheers as he resumed his seat.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—In the House of Lords this evening the Earl of Crewe, the Government leader in the second chamber, in moving the second reading of the bill, expressed the opinion that one of the reasons why the relation of the two Houses had reached the present condition of perpetual conflict might be traced to the general decline and final abandonment of the old time practice of conference between the House of Lords and the House of Commons. The revival of this practice, he said, was the very essence of the Government's proposals.

Lord Lansdowne, the Opposition leader, in reply referred to the attitude of the Government in refusing to allow the bill to be amended. If an amendment were allowed, Lord Lansdowne said, a considerable number of peers would favor the second reading of the bill.

He moved that the debate be adjourned until Wednesday, when, he said, he proposed to submit resolutions dealing with the manner in which deadlocks between the two Houses could be settled.

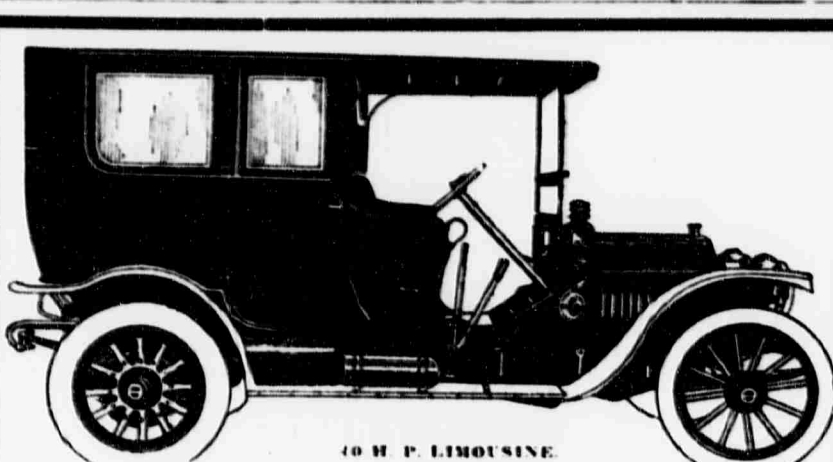
These resolutions, he said, provide in case of differences on other than money bills for their reference to a joint sitting of both Houses, or in matters of great gravity for their submission to a decision of the electors by referendum.

The resolutions also provide in regard to money bills that the Lords shall abandon their right to amend or reject on condition that provision is made against any amendment on an extraordinary matter and that any question which may arise shall be referred to a joint committee of both Houses, the speaker of the commons as chairman.

Lord Lansdowne's motion to adjourn the debate was carried.

BULLETINS IN PARIS.

Only 1,000 Men from the U. S. Fleet, but They Prevail the City.



Now Ready ALCO TOWN CARS

Silence, elegance and that balanced proportion of size, power and weight peculiar to the ALCO product. Twenty-two, forty and sixty horsepower models, shaft drive, finished in any color desired. Early deliveries on touring cars and trucks. A stock touring ALCO, by winning the Vanderbilt Cup twice in succession, gave the greatest demonstration of efficiency and endurance ever known.

At the sign of the
Vanderbilt Cup

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NO HOPE FOR CRIPPLED.

Home Office Refuses a Reprieve and He Must Die Tomorrow.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 21.—The Home Office has refused to grant a reprieve to Dr. Hawley Crippen, who is to be hanged on Wednesday for the murder of his wife, Cora, better known as Belle Elmore, the actress.

The petition was presented to the authorities a day or two ago.

WANT SMITH FOR SENATOR.

He Says Regarding Friends' Letter That He Is Still Undecided.

James Smith, Jr., ex-United States Senator, received a letter at his home in Newark yesterday signed by eleven Democratic Assemblymen-elect of Essex county and asking him to be a candidate for Senator before the coming Legislature to succeed John Smith.

The letter was the outcome of a conference held Sunday night at which the only outsider present was State Chairman James K. Nugent. Mr. Nugent assured the Essex men that it needed only the announcement by Mr. Smith that he was a candidate to insure his election.

The letter to Mr. Smith referred to his services to the Democratic party in a large and accomplished manner, the nomination of Woodrow Wilson as the Democratic candidate for Governor and said that if he would accept the nomination for Senator the party would give him their hearty support.

Mr. Smith had no answer to the letter. "This is an honor that I approach most deeply," he said, "and I am still undecided what I shall do. There is still plenty of time to think about the Senatorship. And those who think that I won't be a candidate eventually are much in the wrong as to those who believe I will."

State Senator Harry W. Osborne of Essex was not at the conference. He announced two years ago when a candidate that he would vote for the primary choice for United States Senator. He proposes to vote for James E. Martine of Union county.

LOBSTER AND OYSTER LOSSES.

But in Spite of Them Canada Made Nearly Thirty Millions Out of Fisheries.

OTTAWA, Nov. 21.—The Minister of Marine and Fisheries submitted the annual report of his department to Parliament today. He says that motorboats are steadily displacing sailboats in the fisheries along shore.

The total value of all kinds of fish and fish products taken by Canadian fishermen during the year 1909 was \$29,629,100. This is a record. It is \$4,728,084 ahead of 1908-09 and \$10,697 better than the total of 1905, the previous record. The result was shown by a fishing fleet of 1,728 steam vessels, five of which were engaged in fur seal hunting, and 11,170 boats, the whole being manned by 92,967 men.

One of the great fisheries of the world is the oyster industry of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The oyster has passed away. The lobster catch has diminished, while the erratic movements of the market are shown by a large falling off in the total value. The oyster industry has also fallen. In 1901 the output of oysters was 10,000 barrels, while last year it was only 38,000 barrels.

The report of the decline of the oyster business is so alarming that steps are to be taken to have a full inquiry concerning it. A royal commission will probably be appointed. It is said that the trouble is due to the farmers robbing the oyster beds off Prince Edward Island for fertilizers, a practice which will probably be prohibited.

The Weather.

Nov. 22.—The disturbance which was travelling eastward from Florida on Sunday had entirely disappeared yesterday and the weather was generally fair in the south Atlantic and Gulf States.

The pressure was high on the north Atlantic coast, but it became cloudy at the approach of a moderate disturbance central in Lake Superior, attended by snow in the upper lake regions and the upper Mississippi Valley, and by showers and cloudy weather in the lower lake region.

A storm of greater energy was in progress southward in Canada, inclined toward the west and causing rain in the north Pacific States, Idaho and Nevada and rain or snow on the eastern Rocky Mountain slope.

CAESAR TRIBUTE TO TOLSTOY.

Made a Glorious Era for Russia. Duma Adjoins The Funeral.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 21.—When the Duma received from Premier Stolypin this afternoon a report of the death of Count Tolstoy he wrote on the margin of the paper:

"I heartily regret the death of this great writer, who embodied in the types of his fatherland, thus constituting one of the most glorious eras in the life of Russia. May he find in God a merciful judge."

The body of the dead novelist was placed in a coffin this morning and at noon it was borne to a train by the sons of the deceased. A crowd had assembled, and as the coffin was carried along the onlookers joined in a solemn chant. The coffins, bowed with grief and supported by friends, walked along of the coffin.

The funeral train is due at Haeke, three miles from the Tolstoy home, at a clock to-morrow morning. The interment on the family estate at Yasnyaya Polyana will follow soon after. There will be no ceremony of any kind.

The Duma adjourned for a week to-day as a mark of respect to the memory of Count Tolstoy. The president of the Duma in opening the proceedings said: "A great sorrow has befallen the fatherland. Tolstoy, the great thinker, artist and genius, the pride of Russia and the glory of mankind, is dead. May the merciful God open to him the kingdom of heaven."

The President then asked the members to rise in their places as a mark of deep mourning in honor of his memory. All arose except some extreme Rightists, one of whom, Samoylovski, spoke against the President's motion for an adjournment of the House. He said Tolstoy had recently disavowed the principles of the Church, the State, the family and property and died estranged from the Church. The honoring of his memory, Samoylovski declared, would be a challenge to the Church.

The motion to adjourn was finally carried. The extreme Rightists and some of the Nationalists opposed it.

During one of the brief intervals which preceded his death Count Tolstoy dictated the following message to his friends: "I am going away, but others remain who understand the purpose of this life and to them it will be given to carry out that which I aimed at doing but failed."

The family of the Count is seeking permission to purchase the log cabin where he died so as to have it transferred to the family estate at Yasnyaya Polyana. The intercession which has been placed by the Holy Synod on religious observances for the Count has caused widespread resentment everywhere. It is said that the final decision was due to the request of Tolstoy to be buried without rites of any kind.

STRIKE RIOT IN WALES.

Railroad Property Attacked by Coal Miners. Many Broken Heads.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Nov. 21.—Rioting was renewed at Torparydd late to-night. Coal mine strikers attacked the railway under the pretext that a number of strike-breakers had been brought in and concealed in the station. There was prolonged and desperate fighting.

The police drove the rioters to Pen y Craig, where the combat was renewed and where many were hurt.

A large force of infantry and cavalry was rushed by special train to Pontypridd to-night, but a late despatch said that their services had not been needed at the hour of sending. It added that during the rioting many of the rioters and police were seriously hurt. One policeman was reported dying.

A party of newspaper reporters who witnessed the fighting were attacked by the police and several newspaper men were severely clubbed.

KAISER'S YOUNG COMRADES.

Must Be Religious and Non-Alcoholic in Order to Win in War.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
BERLIN, Nov. 21.—The Kaiser in opening the new naval academy at Flensburg, Prussia, to-day, delivered another of those moral speeches which are characteristic of him at times.

After warning the naval cadets against the use of alcohol and remarking that "a fighter needs strong nerves" and that "the nation which consumes the least alcohol will be found in the forefront when it comes to the business of war," the Emperor read out a "Cabinet order" in which, addressing the cadets as "my young comrades," he calls upon them to do their duty cheerfully and acquire the character of "complete men."

"Our time," added the Kaiser, "requires fulfilled men, men of steel."

The Emperor concluded by telling the cadets that they should work so as to acquire a strictly moral view of life founded on a religious basis.

5,309 TURKEYS FOR POLICE

SOMEONE'S GIFT TO EACH PERSON ON MANHATTAN FORCE.

Boothblack and Scrubmen as Well as Commissioners and Cops Crispy Not Allowed to Tell Who the Donor Is. The Distribution Made Today.

Every one connected with the Police Department in the Borough of Manhattan will receive to-day one turkey free. The person giving the 5,309 turkeys told Police Commissioner Crispy that he must remain anonymous.

The giver is an individual, but beyond that no one but Commissioner Crispy knows his identity. Commissioner Crispy says that the donor came to him some time ago and at first merely giving a turkey to each policeman in the greater city. This was found impracticable. The reason is not to be learned, though the limited number of turkeys in the world is supposed to have something to do with it.

Even when the gift had been confined to Manhattan much work was necessary for the giver wished every scrubman who daily kneels on the Headquarters floor and every boothblack who polishes the shoes in a precinct house to receive a Thanksgiving dinner. There were long lists to be compiled, and after they had been made up the total of turkeys requisite was found to be 5,309. This will mean a fowl for every civilian clerk at Headquarters, for every chauffeur of a police auto, each detective, cleaner and laborer in the department. Even the inspectors and Deputy Commissioners will have a turkey for the appearing. The matrons in the station houses will have one apiece to deal with.

If the turkeys average ten pounds apiece at 15 cents a pound it is estimated that they will cost \$7,963.50.

The turkeys will be taken in vans to Headquarters and the station houses. Six hundred come to Headquarters alone. Each captain is responsible for the fowl sent to his precinct and must see to it that not one goes astray.

Of the fowl themselves it is promised that they will be the very best to be had. They will be large and an endeavor is to be made to have them reasonably uniform in weight. An inspector will not receive a larger one than a plain patrolman except by happy chance.

And of the arriving bounty was sent out to the Manhattan precincts last night in the form of a general alarm. This insured every one knowing about the Thanksgiving gift, for general alarms are read to all the uniformed men on the floor at roll call. The turkeys are to be distributed to-day, that no dinner may be belated.

There will be no preference shown in the distribution except as men in a station house may agree to let the larger ones go to those who have good sized families. All the detail of the distribution was worked out by Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll, who said last night that it had been a hard job, a pleasant job.

Some one suggested that one of the express companies might be making the gift. Frank H. Platt said last night that so far as he knew this wasn't the case, "but I'm glad they're going to have the turkeys," he commented.

Headquarters was busy last night trying to reach every Manhattan policeman on sick leave or leave of absence and let him know of the turkey waiting him to-day. If the policeman lived in Brooklyn or the Bronx, sorrow was expressed by the use of the precincts transmitting the message.

MOVE TO DOWN WOODRUFF.

Progressive Republicans Still Working to Dethrone Him in Kings.

The progressive element in the Republican organization in Brooklyn has been secretly but industriously at work since election day on a movement to displace Timothy L. Woodruff as county leader, and it is not unlikely that there may be an open fight against his regime when the new county committee meets for organization on the second Tuesday in December.

Congressman Calder, Naval Officer Krack, Postmaster Voorhies and Haskell, the four district leaders who broke with Woodruff during the Roosevelt-old guard lineup at the Saratoga convention, have been asserted by the progressives, enlisted as allies eight other district leaders, thus forming a combination of 12 against 11 for Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff's friends dispute this assertion, declaring that there is no doubt that he will be able to control at least two-thirds of the executive and county committees against all efforts on the part of his opponents. Later have been trying hard to induce Comptroller William H. Prendergast to become an active factor in the movement to unhorse Mr. Woodruff, and have proffered him the county leadership as the reward of his success.

Mr. Prendergast, however, has refused to join in the scheme, and yesterday he made the statement defining his position. All I know about the matter is that a suggestion along the line indicated was made to me last week by a prominent politician. I told him I could imagine no circumstances which would even lead me to consider the matter. In the first place I have no thought of it in any way. I have no desire for it in the second place, and in the third place I would not allow myself to be flattered into accepting it, if it were offered to me unanimously.

I do not wish to take part in any factional contest in any part of the city. I want to be free to devote all my time to the interests of the city of New York. I want to make my words most emphatic that I would not accept under any circumstances, whatever.

It is now supposed that the progressives will have to fall back on Col. Michael J. Daly as the only available chieftain to install as Mr. Woodruff's successor. Col. Daly is in Cuba, where he has to spend most of his time in attending to his contracting business.

QUEEN HAS PNEUMONIA.

Elizabeth of Belgium Passed a Good Night, but People Are Alarmed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
BRUSSELS, Nov. 21.—The illness of Queen Elizabeth, which is causing considerable anxiety to the people, with whom she is very popular, is believed to be pleuropneumonia.

She passed a comparatively good night.

Hunyadi Janos

Natural Laxative Water

Recommended by Physicians.

Refuse Substitutes.

If you have never used it before, try it NOW for

CONSTIPATION

Good taste incorporates good judgment

of a "vintage"

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

set an example of refinement at large

DIX WILL FOLLOW PLATFORM

MESSAGE WILL BE ON THE LINE

LAID DOWN AT ROCHESTER

It's Not His Business to Choose a Senator or Organize the Legislature, He Says, and He Proposes to Stick to His Business. Appointments Not Considered.

Governor-elect Dix met a number of Democrats at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday and expects to leave for his home in Thompson to-day. The Democratic Governor-elect has been importuned at his camp in the Adirondacks, his home at Thompson and on one or two short visits to Albany since election day, and also while in New York city by the friends of Democrats who have been mentioned for United States Senator to succeed Mr. Depew to express a preference, but he has declined to do so. He emphasized this attitude yesterday. He repeated what he has so frequently said since election day, that he will resign as a director in all the companies with which he has been connected. As for expressing a preference in the United States Senatorship matter he would indicate no preference, having no desire to interfere with the prerogatives of the Legislature.

The Governor-elect said that he had not begun work on his inaugural message yet, but that this message would be merely recommendations carrying out the Democratic platform adopted at Rochester, that he would be guided by it. The platform includes home rule for cities, retrenchment in State expenditures, Statewide primaries, personal registration of voters throughout the entire State and the promotion of greater efficiency in the public service.

Governor-elect Dix intimated that on his tour of the State as chairman of the Democratic State committee he found that not a little of the sentiment concerning direct nominations was not altogether spontaneous, but nevertheless he said he would follow the platform in his message to the Legislature. "We must take up direct primaries and Statewide personal enrollment without too much experimentation," he continued. Mr. Dix "for we are committed to them as a party in our platform, and I believe in bringing the voter as near as possible to his candidate."

Concerning the selection of a United States Senator to succeed Mr. Depew Mr. Dix said: "It is of the greatest importance that a good man should be selected, but that is a question for the Legislature to decide. I believe that the Governor and the Legislature are coordinate branches of the Government and I intend to be Governor."

As to a President pro tem of the Senate or a Speaker of the Assembly or a private secretary for himself or a Superintendent of Public Works to succeed Frederick C. Stevens of Attica, Governor-elect Dix said that he had nothing to do with the selection of the Democratic leader of the Senate or the Assembly, that he had one or two good men in mind for his own secretary, but that he had given no thought as yet to a Superintendent of Public Works, the most powerful office he has to dispose of, and that appointments would not receive his consideration for some time to come.

At the Democratic State headquarters the following list has been kept of Democrats mentioned for United States Senator: Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn, William F. Sheehan and Daniel F. Cohalan of New York county, Deady Herriot of Albany, Supreme Court Justice Almer S. Jenks of Brooklyn, ex-Mayor David A. Boody of Brooklyn, W. Carylyle of Buffalo, John B. Stanchfield of Elmira, Supreme Court Justice Gerard of New York county and Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo.

There was a secret conference yesterday afternoon consisting of seven or eight Tammany district leaders, which was said to be in the interest of Mr. Cohalan, or positively known that such a conference was held, but all information as to who attended it or whether Mr. Cohalan was conversant with the alleged purposes of the conference was withheld.

Charles F. Murphy is to return from Hot Springs, Va., early next week.

Special Election to Fill Foss's Congress Seat.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—Governor-elect Foss must resign as Representative of the Fourteenth Congress district when he is inaugurated Governor in January. As this will leave the district without a representative a special election will be necessary to fill the vacancy.

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COST TO GET BACK POLICE JOB.

60 Per Cent. of Back Pay Lawyers' Usual Charge—Sometimes 100.

Louis J. Grant, testifying yesterday in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court in behalf of his law partner, Jacob Rouse, on trial for falsifying records of a police trial sent to the Appellate Division, said that the firm charged policemen 60 per cent. of their back pay when they succeeded in getting them reinstated.

Charles Le Barbier, counsel for Rouse, offered objection to the question. "I was going to ask," said Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, "if the firm had not at times taken 100 per cent. of a reinstated policeman's back pay."

"We did," replied Grant, "but we haven't done that in a good many years. The men were glad enough to let us have it when we got them back their jobs and gave them another opportunity at a life pension."

MAN IN CLOTHES BASKET.

Lugged On Board Steamship, Where He Hoped to Stow Himself Away.

About an hour before the steamship "Santa Anna" was to leave her South Brooklyn pier for Marseilles yesterday two seamen staggered up the gangplank, carrying between them what appeared to be a big basket of the ship's linen. This linen is always washed in port and taken on board shortly before the steamer leaves. The basket was placed on deck.

Henri Granier, the chief steward, who was standing near, noticed a slight movement in the linen. He called for some of his assistants, who quickly removed the top covering and found a man stowed away. He was Pierre Martin, a waiter, who came from France two years ago and wanted to go home but had not money enough to pay for his passage. He had induced two of the sailors to carry him on board, hoping to stow away. The steward caught the unfortunate waiter and he was taken to the hospital and was lost on shore.

The bridegroom's clothes

get no "notices" in the society column

or, for that matter, the "best man's" either. Yet both are "under fire" from every pair of eyes at every wedding ceremony.

What the bride and her attendants wear is a news item that sometimes overshadows her family history. But the male contingent—is "passed up."

In spite of this seeming slight, let no prospective bridegroom, best man or usher delude himself with the idea that he can escape criticism if his attire falls short of the perfection mark.

Our garments for formal and semi-formal wear are designed by past-masters in the art, men whose talents are centred upon this one special branch of clothes-craftsmanship.

We follow the accepted conventionalities where we must—but there are many distinguishing features observable in our productions, notably their exquisite modeling and finish.

Formal dress for evening wear

Evening Dress Coats \$22 to \$38
Dinner Jackets \$17 to \$32
Trousers \$7 to \$11.50
Black Evening Waistcoats \$4 to \$6.50
A variety of plain white or fancy \$3.50 to \$12
effects in silk or wash materials.